

MOSQUITO HABITAT CHECKLIST

Container mosquitoes are the #1 mosquito problem in Monmouth County!

WATER +7 DAYS = MOSQUITOES

Use this checklist to help you find and eliminate all the places that mosquitoes breed around your home. Any container that holds water can be a home for mosquito larvae. After 7 days, larvae will emerge as adult mosquitoes. Remember to stay vigilant and to keep containers free of standing water all year long.

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COMMON HOUSEHOLD ITEMS				
	Buckets	Problem: Buckets are the most common mosquito habitats found at homes.		
		Solution: Empty buckets and turn them over.		
		Problem: Garbage cans, recycling bins, and recycled containers can hold water.		
	Garbage cans and	Solution: Drill drainage holes in the bottoms of garbage cans and bins, keep covered and		
ш	recycling bins			
		dispose of recycling weekly.		
	Tarps, plastic bags and	Problem: When tarps are not fitted tightly, multiple pockets form and collect water.		
	sheets	Solution: Keep tarps tight and refit them if water collects.		
BUILDING STRUCTURES				
	Gutters	Problem: Gutters hold water when clogged with leaves or improperly pitched. Plus the leaf		
		debris provides food for the larvae		
		Solution: Keep gutters clean and properly pitched.		
	Flexible downspout extensions	Problem: Improper pitch and ridges cause these pipes to hold water.		
		Solution: Pitch downspout extensions so water drains completely after it rains or replace		
		with a non-flexible extension that is pitched to drain fully. Keep the inside free of debris.		
		Problem: Water can accumulate below the faucet.		
Ш	Leaky hose spigots			
		Solution: Fix leak or call a professional plumber.		
Ш	Decks & Porches	Make sure to check under decks and porches for containers that may hold water.		
AROU	ND THE GARDEN			
	Planter saucers	Problem: If a plant saucer holds water for 5-7 days it will support mosquito larvae.		
Ш		Solution: Dump the water out every 3-5 days or don't use a saucer at all.		
	Diamtana with aut			
	Planters without	Problem: Planters fill with water after heavy rains.		
	drainage holes	Solution: Drill holes in the bottom of your planter – it's healthier for your plants.		
		Problem: The hole used to water the plant is also used by the female mosquito to access the		
_	Self-watering planters	water and lay eggs.		
Ш		Solution: Tightly seal the watering hole after adding water. If this is not possible, treat the		
		reservoir water with a Bti* product. The most effective method for preventing mosquitoes is		
		to not use these planters.		
		Problem: Water collects in the main tub or small crevices inherent in their construction.		
	Wheelbarrows	Solution: Turn wheelbarrows over or store them on end. If crevices present, check weekly		
ш	Wileelballows	and move to empty any water you find.		
Ш	Watering Cans	Problem: Watering cans holding water for many days will attract egg laying mosquitoes.		
	· ·	Solution: Empty and store upside down or in a garage or shed.		
	Rain Barrels	Problem: Rain barrels conserve water but can also be a perfect home for mosquito larvae.		
		Solution: Cover tops of rain barrels with tightly fitted screen. (Use nylon window screen and		
		secure with a bungee cord or other tight elastic.) Mosquitoes will use the overflow hole to		
		get in and lay their eggs; either plug hole or treat with a Bti* product.		
	5. 15 ··	Problem: Unless water is changed regularly, mosquito larvae flourish.		
Ш	Bird Baths	Solution: Change water at least once a week.		
	Ornamental ponds	Problem: Ornamental ponds without fish provide a great home for mosquitoes.		
Ш		Solution: Get fish. If that is not an option, you can use Bti* to treat for mosquito larvae.		
		Problem: Discarded and unattended items in hard to reach spaces can collect water.		
	Behind the shed & under the shrubs	Solution: Look under bushes and in overlooked spots in the yard and remove debris that can		
ш		hold water		
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CHILDRE	N'S TOYS			
	Portable basketball hoops	Problem: The fill holes in the base of a portable basketball hoop allow mosquitoes to reach		
		the water and lay eggs.		
		Solution: Make sure caps for fill holes are in place; replace if lost.		
	Kiddie pools	Problem: Kiddie pools can become mosquito habitat if the water is not changed often.		
		Solution: Empty or change water in kiddie pools every 5 - 7 days. Be sure to store indoors or		
		turned over when not in use.		
	Sand boxes	Problem: Water accumulates in some plastic sand boxes whether covered or not.		
Ш		Solution: Drill small drainage holes in the bottom of your sand box.		
	Big plastic toys, wagons, etc.	Problem: Wagons, dump trucks, cars, kitchen sets, and playhouses all fill with rain water		
		when left outside and, if left unchecked, will breed mosquitoes.		
Ш		Solution: Keep toys turned over or inside when not in use. If water can get inside the plastic		
		toy so can a mosquito - drill drainage holes in the bottom.		
	Deflated toys	Problem: Like a tarp, a deflated toy (kiddie pool, bounce house, etc.) will create multiple		
П		small pockets that fill with water and provide habitat for larvae.		
		Solution: Drain off water, dry out, and store indoors when not in use.		
RECREATION				
	Boats	Problem: There are many compartments on boats that can collect water. Even when a boat		
		itself doesn't hold water there can be containers left on a boat that do.		
Ш		Solution: Empty all the water possible. If there is water that can't be emptied, you can treat		
		it with a Bti* product. Cover boats in storage with taut tarps or use boat shrink wrap.		
	Jet skis	Problem: The foot depressions tend to hold water and provide a mosquito breeding ground.		
П		Solution: Rinse out the foot depressions with a hose every week. Jet skis can be tightly		
		tarped or stored indoors.		
		Problem: Pool covers and pool skimmer compartments filled with water breed mosquitoes.		
	Pools/pool covers	Solution: Treat the pool or pool cover with Bti* in the spring before you open it. If you know		
		of an abandoned home in your neighborhood with an unkempt pool, call the Monmouth		
		County Mosquito Control Division. It may need to be treated or stocked with fish that eat		
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^{*} A note about Bti - Ideally, keep containers dry or discard if unneeded. If you do need to treat for mosquito larvae in a container, use the low impact pesticide Bti (Bacillus thuringiensis israelensis). It is available at many hardware stores, pond supply stores and online. Bti effectively targets mosquito larvae. It can be purchased as a granule, briquette, or liquid. Be sure to choose a product that is registered with the US EPA, labeled to use for mosquito larva. Closely follow the directions on the label. You may only use these products on your property; if you see a source of standing water elsewhere, call the Mosquito Control Division.



The Monmouth County Mosquito Control Division provides mosquito control and tick identification services to the residents of Monmouth County. The primary strategy for mosquito control relies on an Integrated Pest Management approach that focuses on controlling mosquito larvae versus

mosquito larvae.



broad control of adult mosquitoes. Much of the effort is on source control-- reducing or eliminating the standing water where mosquito larvae live. This checklist can help you do your part to control mosquitoes in your landscape.

The staff at the Monmouth County Mosquito Control Division can answer your questions and concerns about mosquitoes. Contact the staff by phone or by email at mosquitoes@co.monmouth.nj.us.